

IT IS CLAIMED:

✓. A chimeric oligonucleotide having the formula 5'-W-X¹-Y-X²-Z-3', where
W represents a 5'-O-alkyl nucleotide;

each of X¹ and X² represents a block of seven to twelve phosphodiester-linked 2'-O-alkyl ribonucleotides;

Y represents a block of five to twelve phosphorothioate-linked deoxyribonucleotides; and

Z represents a blocking group effective to block nuclease activity at the 3' end of the oligonucleotide.

- 2. The oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein the alkyl groups of the 5'-O-alkyl nucleotide and the 2'-O-alkyl ribonucleotides are lower alkyl groups.
- 3. The oligonucleotide of claim 2, wherein the alkyl groups of the 2'-O-alkyl ribonucleotides are methyl groups.
- 4. The oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein the 5'-O-alkyl nucleotide is a 5'-O-alkyl thymidine.
- 5. The oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein the 5'-O-alkyl nucleotide is linked to X^1 via a phosphodiester linkage or a phosphorothioate linkage.
- 6. The oligonuclectide of claim 1, wherein group Z is linked to X^2 via a linkage selected from the group consisting of a phosphotriester linkage, a phosphorothicate linkage, and a phosphoramidate linkage.
 - 7. The oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein Z is a 3-to-3' linked nucleotide.
- 8. The oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein the segment X^1-Y-X^2 has a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NQs: 1-24.
- 9. A composition useful for inhibiting expression of a target gene in a subject, comprising a chimeric oligonucleotide as recited in claim 1 in a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle.

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10. The composition of claim 9, wherein the vehicle includes a lipid-cationic peptoid conjugate of the formula:

L-linker- $[N(CH_2CH_2NH_2)CH_2(C=O)-N(CH_2CH_2R)CH_2(C=O)-N(CH_2CH_2R)CH_2(C=O)]_3-NH_2$

5 where

L is selected from a lipid molety comprising at least one fatty alkyl or alkenyl chain between about 8 and 24 carbon atoms in length and a steroid;

each group R is independently selected from alkyl, aminoalkyl, and aralkyl, and the linker is selected from the group consisting of a direct bond, an oligopeptide, a substantially linear alkyl chain from 2 to about 30 bonds in length, and a substantially linear chain from 2 to about 30 bonds in length consisting of alkyl bonds and one or more linkages selected from the group consisting of ester, amide, carbonate, carbamate, disulfide, peptide, and ether.

- 11. The composition of claim 10, wherein the linker is from 3 to about 15 bonds in length.
- 12. The composition of claim 10, wherein said fatty alkyl or alkenyl chain is between about 14 and 24 carbon atoms in length.
- 13. The composition of claim 10, wherein L is a phospholipid group, having two fatty alkyl or alkenyl chains between about 8 and 24 carbon atoms in length.
 - 14. The composition of claim 10, wherein L is a cholesteryl group.
 - 15. The composition of claim 10, wherein R is isopropyl or 4-methoxyphenyl.
- 16. The composition of claim 10, wherein the lipid-cationic peptoid conjugate is of the formula:
- $\begin{array}{ll} 30 & \text{L-(CH}_2)_{\text{n-}}\text{(C=O)-[N(CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{NH}_2)\text{CH}_2(\text{C=O})-\text{N(CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{R)CH}_2(\text{C=O})-\text{N(CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{R)CH}_2(\text{C=O})]_3-\text{NH}_2} \; , \\ & \text{where} \end{array}$

L is selected from (i) a phosphatidylethanolamino group, having fatty alkyl or alkenyl chains between about 8 and 24 carbon atoms in length, and (ii) a cholesteryl group linked to the adjacent - $(CH_2)_n$ - segment by an ester, amide or carbamate linkage;

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R is selected from isopropyl and 4-methoxyphenyl.

- 17. The composition of claim 16, wherein the lipid-cationic peptoid conjugate is selected from the group consisting of compounds represented herein as:
 - (a) Lipitoid 1, or DMPE(NaeNmpeNmpe),;
 - (b) Lipitoid 2, DMPE(NaeNiaNia);
 - (c) Cholesteroid 1, or Chol-β-ala-(NaeNmpeNmpe)₃;
 - (d) Cholesteroid 2, or Chal-Ahx-(NaeNmpeNmpe),;
- 10 (e) Cholesteroid 3, or Chol β-ala-(NaeNiaNia),; and
 - (f) Cholesteroid 4, or Chol-Ahx-(NaeNiaNia),
 - 18. A method of inhibiting expression of a target gene in a subject, comprising administering to the subject, in a pharmaceutically acceptable vehicle, an amount of a chimeric oligonucleotide as regited in claim 1 which is effective to specifically hybridize to all or part of a selected target nucleic acid sequence derived from the gene.
 - 19. The method of claim 18, wherein the target nucleic acid sequence is a mRNA derived from the target gene.
 - 20. The method of claim 19, wherein the segment X¹-Y-X² of the chimeric oligonucleotide has a nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOs: 1-24.
 - 21. The method of claim 18, wherein the vehicle includes a lipid-cationic peptoid conjugate as recited in claim 11.

